The Chicago Tribune.

VOL XXII. CHICAGO, FIRDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1868. NUMBER 80.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Glorious Republican Rally at Carbondale.

Largest Political Gathering Ever Held in "Egypt."

Speeches by Hon. J. D. Ward, General Fuller and Others.

A Five Mile Republican Procession at Kankakee.

Fourth Debate Between Governor Baker and Senator Hendricks.

Senator Trumbull to Reply to Mr. Pendleton's Speech at Springfield.

RALLY OF THE UNION MEN OF EGYPT, AT CARBONDALE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CARBONDALE, Ill., Sept. 17.

The boasts of the Democrats have been the fill to overdoing. The lies have a day long to be remembered in Egypt. Such political fabrications as have been published in the Democratic papers have been witnessed in this part of Illinois. Massacres of Republicans, burnings of Republican houses, burnings of Republican barns, burnings of Republican houses and barns, burnings of Republican houses and barns and stacks, assassinations, murders, and outrages of every kind have been reported to have been committed in this part of Egypt, and yesterday was the day when these reports were to be verified. The day opened fairly. A clear, fine, with a clear sky, early this morning, promised a fair day, which was fully adhered to by a whole or cloudless again. At 9 o'clock, as in the last debate, the people began to come in, and by the hundreds, coming from Cairo, Cairo, and from the Illinois Central, and from Cairo, and from the Illinois Central, and from Cairo, and from the Illinois Central, and from

The Tribune.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1866.

MR. PENDLETON AT CENTRALIA.

Mr. George H. Pendleton made the latest speech at Centralia, Illinois, on Tuesday last, that has been published in any part of the United States since the beginning of the campaign. His new appeals to the ignorance of his auditors, and his coarse threat to the creditors of the government that if they do not accept greenbacks for their bonds, they will get nothing, will lead every intelligent and honest citizen to think known that he (Pendleton) was not nominated for the office of President by the New York Convention. Having no interest in the country higher than our interest in any political party, we rejoice that our antagonists put the mark of their reprobation on so reckless an incendiary and so vulgar a demagogue. Mr. Pendleton is an aristocrat by birth, education and habit. He is far too intelligent to believe, for instance, that taxes are paid solely by miners, farmers, manufacturing operatives, and by no other persons. He knows how disastrous to all classes would be an infraction of the coupon. He knows, too, that a debt cannot be paid by the debtor giving his note for it. Yet he goes before an audience, among whom he supposes a very dense ignorance prevails, and unblushingly upholds the worst doctrines of agrarianism and the most dangerous dogmas of the irredeemable paper school of economists. It is not improbable that the crowd whom he addressed, or a majority of them, swallowed his sophisms in a lump, or, as Mr. Vallandigham says, "accepted the extreme medicine of the public debt and "currency as their daily bread." But Southern Illinois is not so far sunk in darkness as he imagines. It would not be entirely depopulated, as he seems to suppose, by one visitation of the foul-killer.

In a speech so full of instructing falsehood it is difficult to select any portion as more false than the rest. Some parts, however, are more absurd than others. Speaking of the great Union war debt, he, if we only had enough greenbacks, he said:

"This currency pays debts, says Lincoln. Yes, it pays debts, says Pendleton. Talk to that currency on the West Broadway and Rebecca Streets, and it will tell you it does as well for her as it does for the whole dollar and a quarter of Lincoln's currency. Suppose you go to Delmonico's restaurant, and you order a dinner for a dollar. A man who carries a bag here in his hand, and who is a friend of yours, who supporting his family; and suppose he should leave two good sets of land for every bushel of corn he has raised, and two good sets of land for every bushel of wheat he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of pork he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of beef he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of wool he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of cotton he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of tobacco he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of hemp he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of flax he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of leather he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of iron he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of lead he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of copper he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of silver he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of gold he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of paper he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of money he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of credit he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of confidence he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of hope he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of faith he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of charity he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of love he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of life he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of death he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of hell he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of heaven he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of God he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of the devil he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of the devil he has raised, and two good sets of land for every pound of the devil

LAW REPORTS.

The Result of an Attempted Breach of Promise Suit.

A Suit Gained by the City—Baking Powder in Court.

The Law of Contempt under a Plea in Replevin.

A Decision Stayed—Interesting Divorce Suits.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

[The Court not in session.]

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

[The only orders of record were

Bankrupts—Gustav H. White, of Decatur, Ill.

Ordered to Appear for Discharge—Joel B. Rogland, of Monmouth, Warren County; Andrew J. Gurney, of Ottawa, Lasalle County; Andrew Allen, of Rock Island; Jan Overmyer, of Rock Island.

Petitions Dismissed—Lewis Ruff, of Will County.

[illegible]

COURT OF CLAIMS.

[illegible]

NEW YORK.

[illegible]

...OF SUPERVISORS.

...'s Proceedings of the Fall Session.

...County Normal School ...Past, Present and Future.

...of the Treasurer's Report ...ing the Court House.

...HOUSE EXTENSION.

...ting of the Council ...ast Evening.

...Testimony in ...Charging a Wing.

...

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 17.

Some increase in the demand for Money were yesterday in evidence, the demand coming from nearly all departments of trade, though of course the larger portion being from grain speculators, eager to pay for shipments and meet the Bank of Montreal's Wednesday's call for 100,000 in specie, and the shipments as reported for the same date be deducted, and the value of the remainder stock on hand be computed at the average market prices of yesterday, it amounts to about $1,011,000, showing that the aggregate of this fund have lain not increased greatly, the value being greater, because the quantity has increased, though it is less than it would be if it were not for the decline in price. Differ in loans now, and less Bony on hand than on Saturday night, and more coin, bullion and rye. The difference in quantity and in price, and in loans, have helped to keep the aggregate value held here from increasing much, up to the time, though if it should be found yesterday and to-day have added considerably to the value held here, and that this has had some effect in making a more easy tone. Firm rates continue, however, have time for been accommodated on all interests.

There is considerable demand from the country for currency, which the banks have been able to meet partly with the issues of currency coming in with their deposits, though several are drawing from New York, and of the other weather conditions, and the crop prospects, the country increases as is anticipated. It will make further orders from the East necessary.

Exchange between banks was sold quite freely to-day at $1 50 off. At the counter bankers are selling at par; the different banks taking of their customers within the range of the following rates:

New York drafts	par.
Boston, demand drafts	1.00@1.50
Boston, sight drafts	1.50@2.00
Sterling, gold bills, with New York or Boston drafts	9.50@9.75
Sterling, gold bills, without New York or Boston drafts	9.75@10.00
Sterling, gold bills, with New York or Boston drafts	2.75@3.00
Sterling, gold bills, without New York or Boston drafts	3.00@3.25

The decline in Governments noticed yesterday was nearly recovered to-day, all quotations being up and 10-40s being quoted as high, or higher than on Tuesday. The following were dealers' quotations for buying and selling in late morning:

United States 6s, 1881	Buying. 113½	Selling. 114
United States 5-20s, 1862	110½	111
United States 5-20s, 1864	109½	109¾
United States 5-20s, 1865	109½	109¾
United States 5-20s, 1865, new issue	109½	109¾
United States 5-20s, 1867	109½	109¾
United States 5-20s, 1868	109½	109¾
United States 10-40s, coupon	109¾	110
Compound interest notes—October, 1130		
Coal Stocks—		
Cook County 7s	90	95
Chicago City 7s	90	95

The buying rate for Gold here to-day was 114, and for Silver 125.

Bonds, in London, to-day, at 79.

Cook County Bonds at the Brokers' Board in Boston on the 14th at 97½.

In New York Bonds show increase in activity. There is a good deal of redemoniting of Western press paper, and excellent paper is in good supply. For prime names the rate is generally 7@8 per cent.

The following telegraph's quotations show the range of Gold in New York to-day:

10:00 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:05 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:10 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:15 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:20 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:25 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:30 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½
10:35 a. m.	114½	114½	114½	114½

The closing rates for Government in New York, as compared with the last three days, were as follows:

	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.
Bonds of 1881	114	114	114	114
5-20s, 1862	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
5-20s, 1864	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼
5-20s, 1865	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼
5-20s, 1865 (new)	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼
5-20s, 1867	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼
5-20s, 1868	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼
10-40s	109¾	109¾	109¾	110

The following table shows all the quotations telegraphed to the West from New York up to the close to-day, for the leading Railway and Miscellaneous Stocks, as bid at the several boards of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Open	Lowest	Highest	Close
W. U. Telegraph	36½	34½	36½	35½
Quicksilver	34½	34½	34½	34½
Pacific Mail	34½	34½	34½	34½
New York Central	105½	105½	106½	106½
Erie (common)	36½	36½	36½	36½
Hudson River	104	104	104	104
Reading	104½	104½	105½	105½
Michigan Central	94½	94½	95½	95½
Michigan Southern	74½	74½	75½	75½
Illinois Central	114½	114½	114½	114½
Cleveland & Pittsburg	91½	91½	91½	91½
Chicago & Rock Island	102½	102½	102½	102½
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	97½	97½	97½	97½
Toledo & Wabash	29½	29½	29½	29½
Ft. W. & Chi. guar.	89½	89½	89½	89½
Chi. & Alton (com)	49½	49½	49½	49½
Chi. & Alton (pref)	74½	74½	74½	74½
Mil. & St. Paul (com)	28½	28½	28½	28½
Adams Express	60½	60½	60½	60½
Merchants' Union Express	24½	24½	24½	24½
American Express	56½	56½	56½	56½
Wells, Fargo & Co.	36½	36½	36½	36½
United States Express	27½	27½	27½	27½

It is said that the only lines of steamers now sailing for Europe from Boston are the Allan line, the two lines owned by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, which are running, one line from Baltimore and one from Philadelphia, and one at Baltimore with that road, where freight rates come through in all points in the West, and the Cunard line, which has been established between New York and Antwerp and Boston, but there are hints current abroad, and the report is currently made, and the report is widely circulated, that the Cunard line will be withdrawn, that it is not a paying line, and that the Cunard Company will not continue it. The Cunard line is a fine one, and it is a great pity if it should be withdrawn, but it is certainly true that it is not a paying line. It is said that the Cunard Company have lost money on it, and that it is not a paying line, and that the Cunard Company will not continue it. The Cunard line is a fine one, and it is a great pity if it should be withdrawn, but it is certainly true that it is not a paying line. It is said that the Cunard Company have lost money on it, and that it is not a paying line, and that the Cunard Company will not continue it.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 17.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of Produce during the past twenty-four hours:

RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

Flour, brls	7,900	100
Wheat, bu	152,000	141,000
Corn, bu	38,000	38,000
Oats, bu	90,000	90,000
Rye, bu	1,000	1,000
Barley, bu	69,000	70,000
Grass Seed, lbs	85,000	221,000
Pork, brls	200	1,000
Lard, lbs	17,000	30,000
Cheese, lbs	18,000	20,000
Butter, lbs	19,000	2,000
Eggs, doz	3,000	3,000
Beef, brls	1,000	2,000
Beef, lbs	20,000	50,000
Highwines, brls	131	8,100
Hogs, lbs	44,000	8,000
Lumber, m	4,000	1,000
Shingles, m	1,000	500
Hides, lbs	2,000	1,000
Lath, m	100	50
Tobacco, lbs	1,000	1,000

SHIPMENTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

Flour, brls	15,500	13,971
Wheat, bu	184,000	187,000
Corn, bu	116,000	116,000
Oats, bu	3,000	3,000
Rye, bu	2,000	2,000
Barley, bu	1,000	1,000
Grass Seed, lbs	12,000	12,000
Pork, brls	1,000	1,000
Lard, lbs	474,000	474,000
Cheese, lbs	170,000	171,000
Butter, lbs	40,000	40,000
Live Hogs, lbs	3,000	3,000
Beef, brls	1,000	1,000
Hides, lbs	70,000	69,000
Highwines, brls	100	100
Wool, lbs	51,000	50,000
Tobacco, lbs	2,000	2,000
Sausage, lbs	3,000	3,000
Lumber, m	1,000	1,000
Shingles, m	1,000	1,000
Lath, m	2,000	2,000
Coal, tons	1,000	1,000

Receipts for to-morrow are 200 cars of hogs; 300 horses and 1,000 head of cattle; 20 cars of flour, 40 cars rye, and 70 cars Barley. Total, 470 cars and 19,500 rye, or a total of 248,000 bu.

There was a fair demand for Gold at "Change to-day, but another comparatively dull set of markets. Oats and Corn opened with a good inquiry, and prices were firm at the advance, but receipts were in excess of requirements of consumers, and the market, if anything, closed with a decided tendency towards more, and lower prices. Wheat was dull and heavy, and the enjoyment was more dull, freights ruling lower in consequence, and the market

The Tribune.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1868.

THE CITY.

FUNERAL.—It will interest the many friends of William B. Ream, Esq., the architect and artist, to know that he is at present in the city, having arrived from Europe on the 2d inst., Esq., No. 120 Madison-st.

CRICKET.—The return match between the Lincoln Park and Chicago Cricket Clubs will take place on Saturday, at Lill's farm, three blocks west of the terminus of the North Side City Horse-Cars. Play will commence at 2 o'clock. All are invited.

AN ESCAPED CONVICT RECAPTURED.—About a month ago a notorious criminal named Prosper, alias Freeman, escaped from the Illinois State Penitentiary, to which institution he was last serving sentence for an imprisonment of ten years for burglary. He was recaptured in Fulerton's office yesterday, and had him remanded back to the penitentiary.

A SERIOUS OR A TERRIBLE WARNING.—The house occupied by George H. Geary, No. 164 Monroe-street, was yesterday seized by revenue officers for non-payment of the law on the part of the occupant, Geary, who is a tailor, and ordered by the Collector of Internal Revenue, and the matter will probably receive an investigation at an early day.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Late on Tuesday evening a German lady, named Reinee Sorre, aged about 60 years, was found dead on a sofa, in her residence, No. 30 Front street. Her son had left her in apparently good health an hour and a half before, and when he returned he discovered her lifeless. Her death was caused by a fit of apoplexy, or, rather, a verdict of "death from natural causes."

CRIMINAL RAILROAD SERVICE.—Parties desiring the best points of offer for service will bear in mind that the agency for the above celebrated store has been transferred to the house of Dalton & Co., No. 71 Lake, where they will always be found the finest parlor stove, offer and hollow-ware, and tinware of every description, of every grade and pattern, with an choice variety of housekeeping goods.

INSCRIBED.—A child is now living on Warren avenue, not far from Wood-street, born six weeks ago, absolutely without eyes. A few days since the integuments were formed in the place of the covering eyes beneath, but not the least sign of a visual organ could be found. In all other respects the child is apparently rational and healthy. It is first born; parents married about five years, and both in good health. Curious enough.

THIRD WARD PROGRESSIVE CONGRESS.—The Tenth Ward Tenners have their tickets already issued and awaiting sale at the County Clerk's office, at Rose's Cedar's saw mill, and at Mr. Turbis's grocery store, No. 51 West Madison street. If enterprise and energy can cause success the Tenth Ward will surely not make a failure of this undertaking. Let everybody, at the West Side Rink on Friday, the 18th inst.

SUDDEN PROPERTY IDENTIFIED.—A valuable diamond ring, found in the possession of a young thief wounded Saturday morning, was yesterday seen identified as the property of Mr. McLean, of the firm of Grant & McLean, No. 270 Lake street. Together with the ring, the young thief had in his pocket a stolen from the residence of Mr. McLean. It is a curious fact, that the ring, the day before, was missed from the residence of Mr. McLean, and it is strongly suspected that Conway is one of the parties who robbed the house. The young operative will be retained in custody till the proper time for his examination shall arrive.

"NOT FOR A DAY, BUT FOR ALL TIME."—Hitchcock has issued his great book, "Patriotic Celebration of the hour, "Waite' Illustrated National Road or Text Book," which embraces a complete compendium of the proceedings of the Great Convention, from the date of the call of the convention, in 1776 to the present time, with a full history of the position, and while Hitchcock thus is quite different from other works, it is equally and equally in the end who are not politicians in the usually accepted sense. No American youth can afford to grow up to manhood, or womanhood, without a true knowledge of the political history of his country; nor can he hope to be a man of ability or public use, and if well grounded in the principles of the Great Party of the People, he is a whole military library in his brain, which enables him to discover and appreciate the bearing of events. The contents of this text book cover not only important documents, but every incident in formation connected with the United States, but gives into European countries, and the whole military force, &c., of those nations. It embraces the statistics of the Rebellion, gives a list of all the monarchs in the world, and a full history of organizations. In fact, we cannot afford the space to tell all that it contains. Suffice it, that it is only, and, its most valuable contents are a complete and full chronological history of the most practical event in American history, from the landing of the Pilgrims to the present time. Agents for this text book is "not for a day, but for all time," and cheerfully lay it aside while a kindred book for the library of the scholar, or the politician. The entire contents of the work will be found in the advertising columns.

AN INHUMAN ENTERTAINMENT.

An exhibition took place at the Equestrian Academy on Wabash avenue, last evening, of a description that is to be hoped will not occur in this city for many years to come. It was, according to the programme, a fashionable, a notable affair, but it was nothing of the kind. It was an exhibition of brutality, such as in New York city would have been the signal for a mob, and, in some Bergh, and which, almost, if not yet frequent in the civilization of the age, would have prevented the perpetration of such a deed. The exhibition was presented by Mr. Wallace, a great and celebrated equestrian, who, with a pair of horses, a pair of bulls, and a pair of bears, and a pair of men, and a pair of women, and a pair of children, and a pair of dogs, and a pair of cats, and a pair of rats, and a pair of mice, and a pair of birds, and a pair of insects, and a pair of reptiles, and a pair of fishes, and a pair of everything else, and a pair of nothing else, and a pair of everything else, and a pair of nothing else, and a pair of everything else, and a pair of nothing else